Workshop 7:

Non-Government Funded Services Run by Social Service Agencies

11:00am -12:30pm / 04:00pm - 05:30pm

Speaker: Emma Lee, Service Planning, NCSS

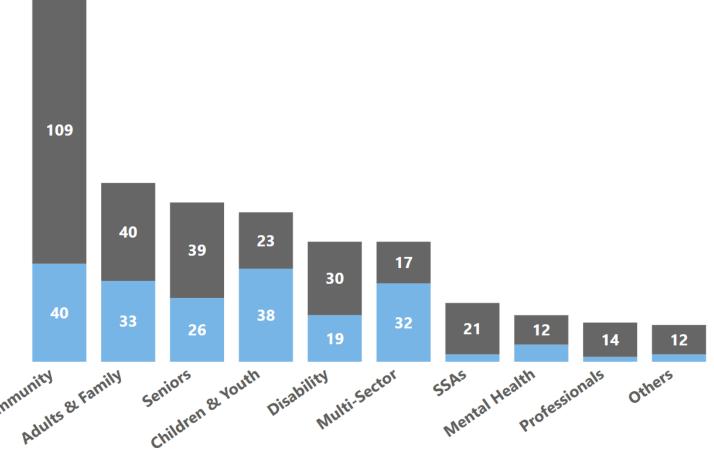
Data was collected from SSAs via the NCSS Membership Renewal Survey 2024.

Many players and programmes

There are **531 non- government funded services**run by **203 SSAs**

How many SSAs reported running non-government funded services?



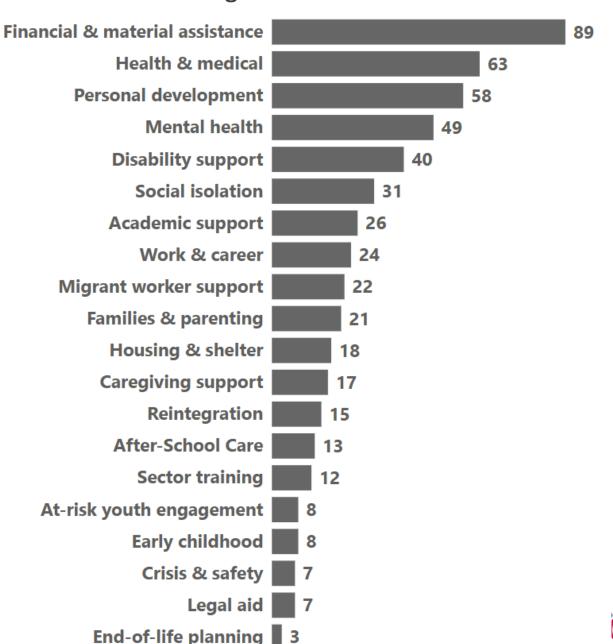




Sector is diverse

We run services for many kinds of needs, ranging from financial & material assistance, to mental health, to end-of-life planning

No. of non-government funded services

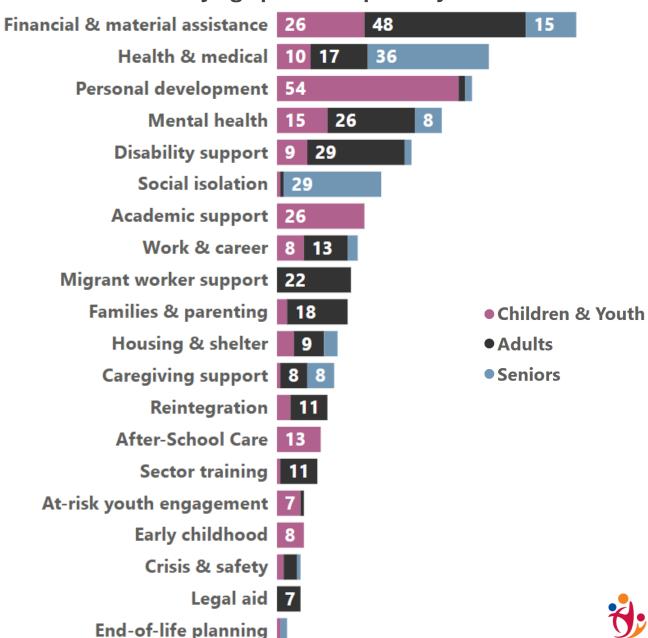




Sector serves all ages

- 227 for adults
- 194 for children & youth
- 110 for seniors

No. of non-government funded services, by age profile of primary user



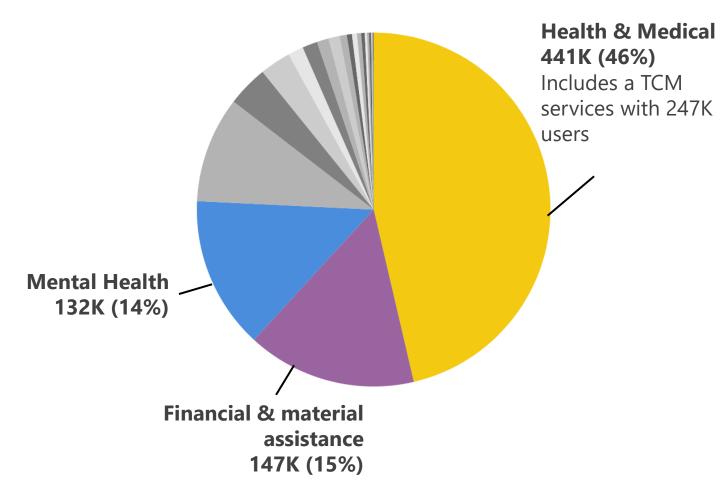


Seems to touch many lives.....

 Over 951,000 non-unique users¹ were reached; some may be reached by multiple SSAs

45% reached by Health & Medical services, followed by Financial & Material Assistance and Mental Health services

No. of non-unique users reached by non-government funded services

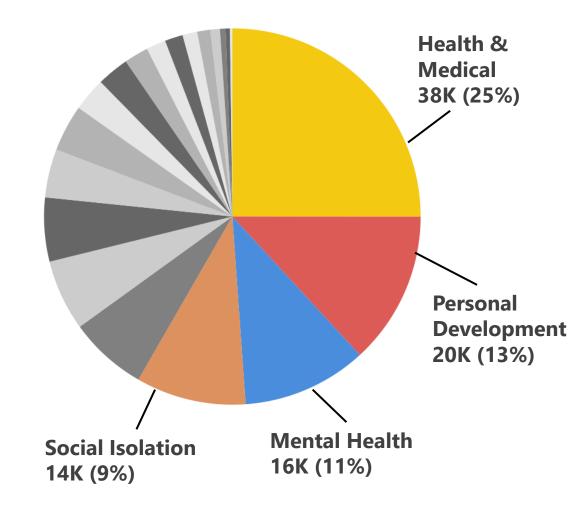


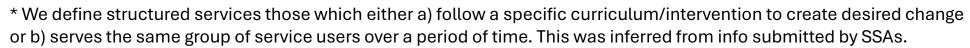


But how many people do we really serve?

• Based on structured programmes* only, number went down to 152k non-unique users. Actual number is likely lower, as some are served by multiple SSAs.

 Service types with the most users are Mental Health,
 Personal Development, and Social Isolation services No. of non-unique users served by structured non-government funded services

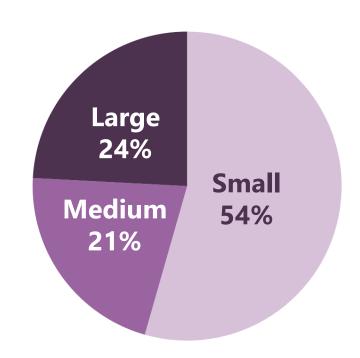






Most non-government funded services run by small SSAs managing no more than 3 services

Proportion of services provided*



- Small (TOE <\$3mil)</p>
- Medium (TOE \$3mil \$10mil)
- Large (TOE >\$10mil)

Number of services provided*





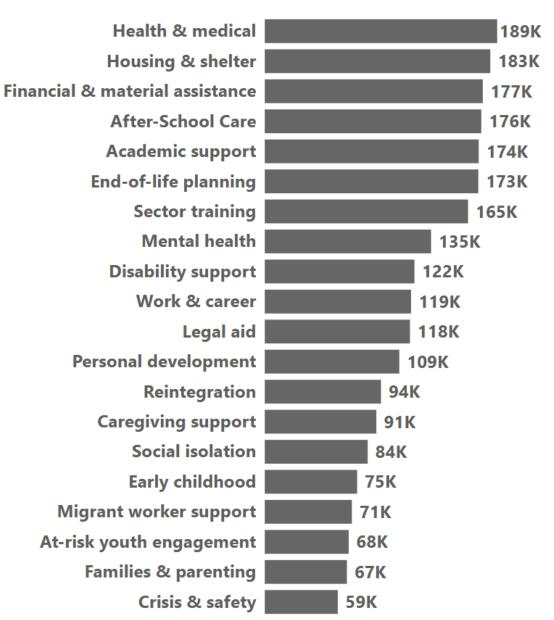
Total programme expenditure is \$71.8m

Some types of non-government funded services cost more to run.

Notes:

- Analysis assumed the lower limit of each band (e.g. where "\$50,000 to \$100,000" was selected, \$50,000 was the assumed cost)
- Thus, actual expenditure will be much higher.
- There is likely some "noise" in the data as funding duration was not specified, e.g. "per year"

Average expenditure per programme (\$)





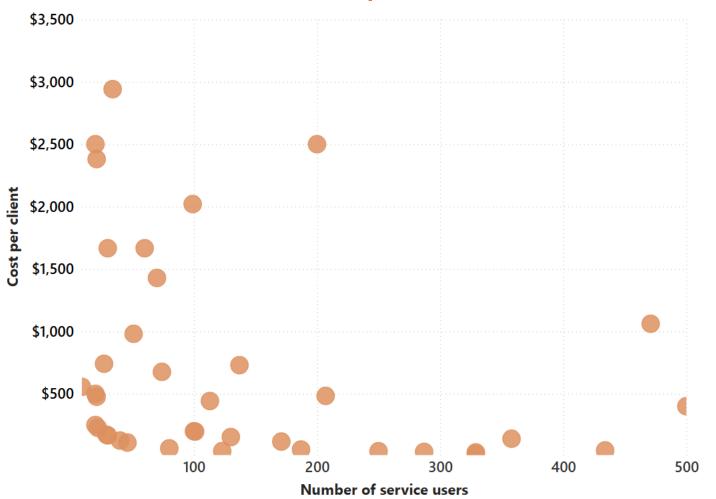
Cost of serving a client varies widely

Notes:

 There is likely some "noise" in the data as duration was not specified in our survey, e.g. "\$ per year", "# new service users per year"

Cost of non-government funded

Personal Development services

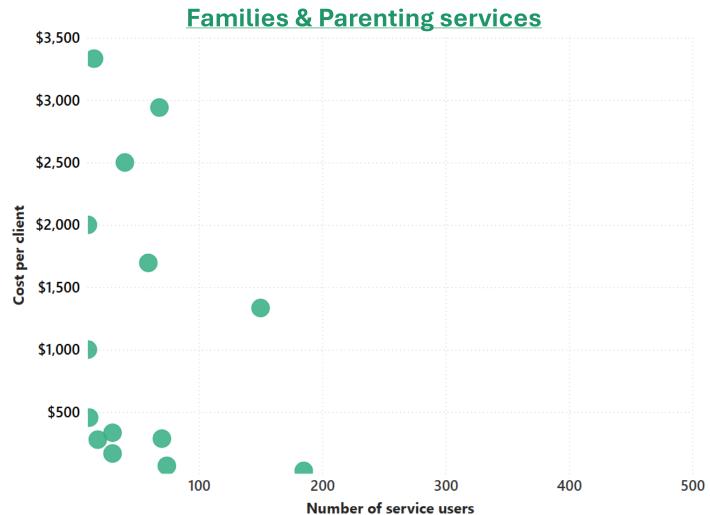


Cost of serving a client varies widely

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Cost of non-government funded



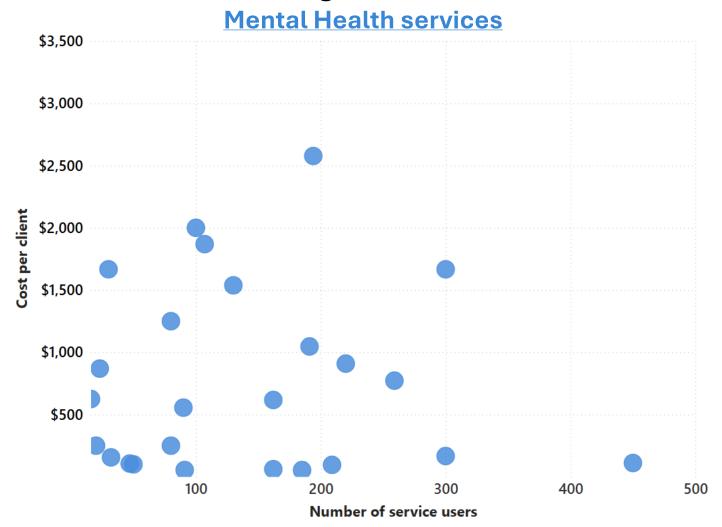


Cost of serving a client varies widely

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Cost of non-government funded





In Summary...

- We have created a diverse ecosystem of support
- Costs vary widely, even within similar services
- Multiple SSAs may be providing the same type of service
- Without coordination, users may get lost in the maze
- How might we know which approaches work best for the service user?



Q1. What might be the opportunities and challenges of having so many services, for a service user?

1 Opportunity

Challenge

Q2. How might we improve the sector, so that the 203 SSAs could behave as one connected ecosystem?

Idea

Q3. What might change for users and SSAs if we had a consistent way to understand our impact?

Change for User

Change for SSA

SG60 Towards Sustainability Fund

- Yesterday, NCSS launched a new grant initiative that provides \$30,000 to eligible SSAs, aiming to recognise contributions of SSAs as part of SG60 celebrations
- 2. Grant is part of a two-stage process to build stronger evaluation capabilities across the sector:
 - Stage 1 helps an SSA develop its Theory of Change for its most impactful programme(s). The SG60 Towards Sustainability Fund is awarded at this stage.
 - **Stage 2** supports SSAs further in building evaluation capabilities including onboarding to the Sector Evaluation Framework (SEF)



Limitations of Data

Scope of Data	 Shows what the sector provides, not what users need Does not show how effective services are Only self-reported non-government funded programmes captured
Data Quality	 Data collected was inconsistent and sometimes vague Timeframe for reporting for service users was not defined clearly Programme costs given in brackets
Data Analysis	There may be better ways to categorise services for analysis (e.g. intervention type)

